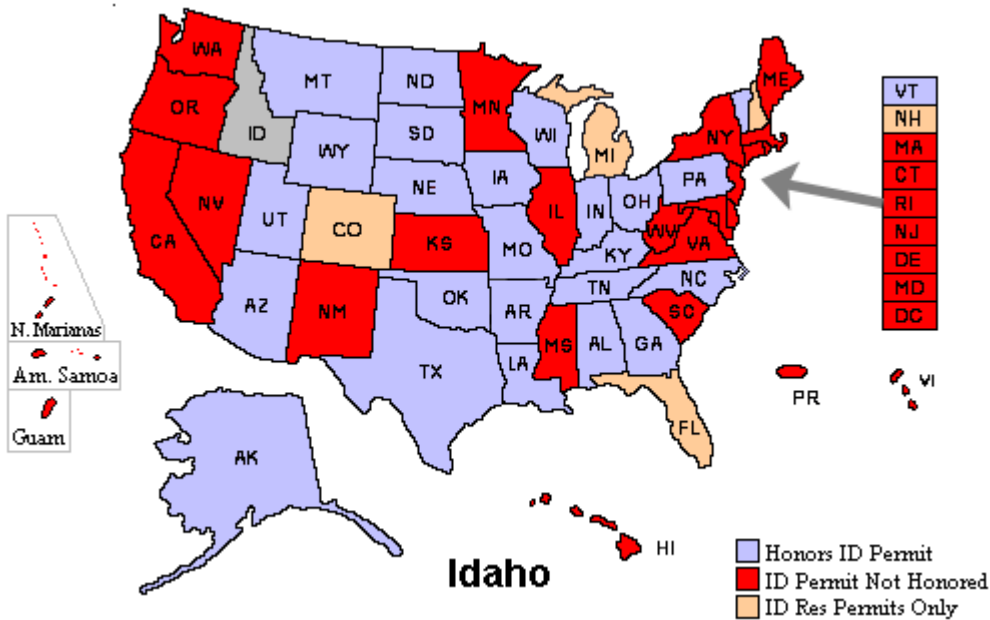


Idaho

Shall Issue

Must Inform Officer: **NO**



Links

[Sheriff CCW Site](#)

[CCW Application](#)

[State FAQ](#)

[St Police CCW FAQ's](#)

[State Statutes](#)

[State Admin Rules](#)

[State Reciprocity Info](#)

[State Attorney General](#)

[Firearm Laws](#)

[2nd CCW Info Site](#)

[Secretary of State](#)

Last Updated: 11/1/11

Permits/Licenses This State Honors

Idaho honors all other state permits

Idaho Honors Non-Resident Permits/Licenses From the States They Honor.

How to Apply for A Permit

Apply to the Sheriff. You can fill out application and do everything right there. You must have your Photo ID and proof of training. Some Sheriff's offices provide the training. Check with your local Sheriff.

Cost is \$20.00 by law and the Permit/License is valid for 5 years.

Material costs, Fingerprint and Background check fees can be added.

18-3302. Issuance of Licenses to Carry Concealed Weapons.

(1) The sheriff of a county, on behalf of the state of Idaho, shall, within ninety (90) days after the filing of an application by any person who is not disqualified from possessing or receiving a firearm under state or federal law, issue a license to the person to carry a weapon concealed on his person within this state. For licenses issued before July 1, 2006, a license shall be valid for four (4) years from the date of issue. For licenses issued on or after July 1, 2006, a license shall be valid for five (5) years from the date of issue. The citizen's constitutional right to bear arms shall not be denied to him, unless one (1) of the following applies. He:

- (a) Is ineligible to own, possess or receive a firearm under the provisions of state or federal law;
- (b) Is formally charged with a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one (1) year;
- (c) Has been adjudicated guilty in any court of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one (1) year;
- (d) Is a fugitive from justice;
- (e) Is an unlawful user of, or addicted to, marijuana or any depressant, stimulant or narcotic drug, or any other controlled substance as defined in 21 U.S.C. 802;
- (f) Is currently suffering or has been adjudicated as follows, based on substantial evidence:
 - (i) Lacking mental capacity as defined in section [18-210](#), Idaho Code;

- (ii) Mentally ill as defined in section [66-317](#), Idaho Code;
- (iii) Gravely disabled as defined in section [66-317](#), Idaho Code; or
- (iv) An incapacitated person as defined in section [15-5-101\(a\)](#), Idaho Code.
- (g) Is or has been discharged from the armed forces under dishonorable conditions;
- (h) Is or has been adjudicated guilty of or received a withheld judgment or suspended sentence for one (1) or more crimes of violence constituting a misdemeanor, unless three (3) years have elapsed since disposition or pardon has occurred prior to the date on which the application is submitted;
- (i) Has had entry of a withheld judgment for a criminal offense which would disqualify him from obtaining a concealed weapon license;
- (j) Is an alien illegally in the United States;
- (k) Is a person who having been a citizen of the United States, has renounced his or her citizenship;
- (l) Is under twenty-one (21) years of age;
- (m) Is free on bond or personal recognizance pending trial, appeal or sentencing for a crime which would disqualify him from obtaining a concealed weapon license; or
- (n) Is subject to a protection order issued under [chapter 63, title](#)

Non-Resident Permits

[Canyon Co. Sheriff](#)

[Ada Co. Sheriff](#)

- Idaho will issue permits to non residents. You can contact either of the two Sheriff's Departments listed above. All Idaho Sheriffs we talked to either made you come to the office to obtain the application or would mail you one you could mail back

Processing of the application and background check takes about 90 days but had to come in person to pick it up.

Ada County Info. Obtaining a Concealed Weapon License

- Concealed Weapon applications are obtained in our Driver's License Unit area.
- You need to bring in proof of firearms training when you submit the application. This could be a military I.D., certificate from a hunters' education or other firearms training class such as the one given by the Sheriff's Office.

You must be fingerprinted when you apply.

Places Off-Limits Even With A Permit/License

[18-3302 \(C\)](#)

- A Courthouse
- Juvenile Justice Facility Or Jail
- A Public or Private School.

[18-3302D. Possessing Weapons or Firearms on School Property](#)

(d) Any adult over eighteen (18) years of age and not enrolled in a public or private elementary or secondary school who has lawful possession of a firearm or other deadly or dangerous weapon, secured and locked in his vehicle in an unobtrusive, nonthreatening manner;

(e) A person who lawfully possesses a firearm or other deadly or dangerous weapon in a private vehicle while delivering minor children, students or school employees to and from school or a school activity;

(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of section [18-3302C](#), Idaho Code, a person or an employee of the school or school district who is authorized to carry a firearm with the permission of the board of trustees of the school district or the governing board.

[26.01.20-600.](#)

600. Personal Safety, Firearms.

No person may purposefully or negligently endanger the life of any person or creature within any land administered by the Department. No person may discharge firearms or other projectile firing devices within any lands administered by the Department, except in the lawful defense of person, persons, or property or in the course of lawful hunting, or for exhibition or at designated ranges as authorized by the Director. (7-1-09)T

Do "No Gun Signs" Have the Force of Law?

"NO"

"Handgunlaw.us highly recommends that you not enter a place that is posted "No Firearms" no matter what the state laws read/mean on signage. We recommend you print out the [No Guns = No Money Cards](#) and give one to the owner of the establishment that has the signage." As responsible gun owners and upholders of the 2nd Amendment we should also honor the rights of property owners to control their own property even if we disagree with them."

"No Firearm" signs in Idaho have no force of law unless they are posted on property that is specifically mentioned in State Law as being off limits to those with a Permit/License to Carry. If you are in a place not specifically mentioned in the law that is posted and they ask you to leave, you must leave. If you refuse to leave then you are breaking the law and can be charged. Even if the property is not posted and you are asked to leave you must leave. Always be aware of the possibility that responding Police Officers who may have been called without your knowledge and may not know the laws on trespass etc. could arrest you even if you are within the law.

Parking Lot Storage Law

Title 5

Chapter 3

[5-341](#) .Immunity Of Employers Allowing Employee Firearm Storage. No action shall lie or be maintained for civil damages in any court of this state against an employer where the claim arises out of the policy of an employer to either specifically allow or not prohibit the lawful storage of firearms by employees in their personal motor vehicles on the employer's business premises.

Note: Employees can still post their parking lots and you can not have a firearm in your vehicle if posted. Idaho passed this law so businesses would have no reason to post their lots as they have no liability.

Carry In State Parks/State & National Forests/WMA/Road Side Rest Areas

Carry Allowed in these Areas:

State Parks: YES

State/National Forests: YES

WMA's: YES

Road Side Rest Areas: YES per Idaho State Police

RV/Car Carry Without A Permit/License

18-3302

(9) While in any motor vehicle, inside the limits or confines of any city, a person shall not carry a concealed weapon on or about his person without a license to carry a concealed weapon. This shall not apply to any firearm located in plain view whether it is loaded or unloaded. A firearm may be concealed legally in a motor vehicle so long as the weapon is disassembled or unloaded.

Note: Must be in Plain View

State Preemption

18-3302J. Preemption of Firearms Regulation.

(1) The legislature finds that uniform laws regulating firearms are necessary to protect the individual citizen's right to bear arms guaranteed by amendment 2 of the United States Constitution and section 11, article I of the constitution of the state of Idaho. It is the legislature's intent to wholly occupy the field of firearms regulation within this state.

(2) Except as expressly authorized by state statute, no county, city, agency, board or any other political subdivision of this state may adopt or enforce any law, rule, regulation, or ordinance which regulates in any manner the sale, acquisition, transfer, ownership, possession, transportation, carrying or storage of firearms or any element relating to firearms and components thereof, including ammunition.

(3) A county may adopt ordinances to regulate, restrict or prohibit the discharge of firearms within its boundaries. Ordinances adopted under this subsection may not apply to or affect:

- (a) A person discharging a firearm in the lawful defense of person or persons or property;
- (b) A person discharging a firearm in the course of lawful hunting;
- (c) A landowner and guests of the landowner discharging a firearm, when the discharge will not endanger persons or property;
- (d) A person lawfully discharging a firearm on a sport shooting range as defined in section 55-2604, Idaho Code; or
- (e) A person discharging a firearm in the course of target shooting on public land if the discharge will not endanger persons or property.

(4) A city may adopt ordinances to regulate, restrict or prohibit the discharge of firearms within its boundaries. Ordinances adopted under this subsection may not apply to or affect:

- (a) A person discharging a firearm in the lawful defense of person or persons or property; or
- (b) A person lawfully discharging a firearm on a sport shooting range as defined in section 55-2604, Idaho Code.

(5) This section shall not be construed to affect:

- (a) The authority of the department of fish and game to make rules or regulations concerning the management of any wildlife of this state, as set forth in section 36-104, Idaho Code;
- (b) The authority of counties and cities to regulate the location and construction of sport shooting ranges, subject to the limitations contained in chapter 26, title 55, Idaho Code; and

(c) The authority of the board of regents of the university of Idaho, the boards of trustees of the state colleges and universities, the board of professional-technical education and the boards of trustees of each of the community colleges established under chapter 21, title 33, Idaho Code, to regulate in matters relating to firearms.

(6) The provisions of this section are hereby declared to be severable. And if any provision is declared invalid for any reason, such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this section.

Deadly Force Laws

Title 19 Criminal Procedure Chapter 2 Prevention of Public Offenses

- 19-201** Lawful Resistance
- 19-202** Resistance by Threatened Party
- 19-202a** Legal Jeopardy in Cases of Self-Defense and Defense of Other Threatened Parties
- 19-203** Resistance by Other Parties
- 19-204** Prevention of Offenses by Officers of Justice
- 19-205** Prevention by Persons Assisting Officers

Knife Laws State/Cities

To access State/Local Knife Laws Click [“Here”](#)

Carry in Restaurants That Serve Alcohol

YES

Note: A “YES” above means you can carry into places like described below. “NO” means you can’t. Handgunlaw.us definition of “Restaurant Carry” is carry in a restaurant that serves alcohol. Places like Friday’s, Chili’s or Red Lobster. This may or may not mean the bar or the bar area of a restaurant. But you can carry your firearm into a restaurant that serves alcohol and sit and eat without consuming. Handgunlaw.us recommends you not sit at the Bar or in the Bar area of such restaurants. In some states it is illegal to be in the Bar area of such restaurants. Handgunlaw.us believes you should never consume alcohol when carrying your firearm. In some states it is illegal to take even one drink while carrying a firearm. If you want further info on carrying in places that serve alcohol check your state laws.

Chemical Sprays/Stun Gun/Higher Capacity Magazine Laws

Handgunlaw.us could find no restrictions in Idaho Law concerning Chemical Sprays, Stun Guns Or Higher Capacity Magazine Bans.

LEOSA State Information

[Idaho Law on Retired LEO’s Carrying](#)

Attorney General Opinions/Court Cases

Handgunlaw.us can find no AG Opinions or Court Cases concerning the carrying of firearms. This does not mean there are no AG Opinions or Court Cases. We could just not find any.

Airport Carry/Misc. Information

Airport Carry: No laws found.

Training Valid for: No Set Time Period

Time Period to Establish Residency: Upon Obtaining St. ID/Drivers License

Minimum Age for Permit/License: 21

Permit/License Info Public Information: NO

State Fire arm Laws: 18-3301 thru 18-3317

State Deadly Force Laws: 19-201 thru 19-205

State Knife Laws: 18-3301. & 18-3302

Chemical/Electric Weapons Laws: 18-3324

Body Armor Laws: Unknown

Does Your Permit Cover Other Weapons Besides Firearms? YES 18-3302 (7)

Is carrying of a Concealed Firearm with Permit/License for Defensive Purposes Only While Hunting Legal? Yes Idaho Statute 36-401 & Idaho Administrative Rules 13.01.08 & Idaho Fish & Game Hunting Regulations

Permit/License Image



This image has been digitally assembled from 2 or more images. It may not be 100% accurate but gives a good representation of the actual Permit/License.

Notes

What ID Consider A Loaded Firearm?

Idaho law does not define Loaded. It's firearm laws are full of the word Loaded or Unloaded but does not give a definition.

Updates to this Page

4/27/09 – Non Resident Permit Section Updated.

8/19/09 - All links checked and if broken repaired.

8/31/09 – NE now honors an ID Permit.

9/23/09 - Off Limits updated with carry while dropping off children at Schools/School Functions.

www.handgunlaw.us

11/22/09 – Capitol Complex added to places off limits.
2/22/10 – Link Updated
3/17/10 – LEOSA Link Removed. Unable to find replacement link.
3/23/10 – State Park Carry info Updated (Rule 600)
8/9/10 – All Links Checked
11/15/10 – Places Off Limits Updated. Exe Order Removed.
1/1/11 – IA Now Honors ID. Notes Section Added. Permit/License Image Added.
1/14/11 – No Gun Sign Info Updated. Parking Lot Storage Law Added with Note.
4/5/11 – All Links Checked.
4/17/11 – Information about carrying while hunting added.
5/27/11 – Information on back of license added to license image.
9/9/11 – All Links Checked and Updated if Needed.
9/16/11 – Sheriff Site added as AG CCW Site no longer available. Link to St Firearms Laws Added.
11/1/11 – WI Added as State That Honors ID.